

A photograph of three children wearing bicycle helmets and standing with their bicycles on a paved path. The child on the left is a girl with a pink helmet, the middle child is a boy with a grey helmet, and the child on the right is a boy with a light blue helmet. They are all smiling and looking towards the camera. The background shows green foliage and a building with a white roof.

Why did Folksam start conducting consumer tests?

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Traffic Safety Research
Folksam Insurance Group**

Folksam

How can an insurer influence consumers?

- Folksam Insurance Group is a mutual company
 - One of the biggest insurance companies in Sweden
 - We insure 50% of family homes, 50% of all persons in Sweden and 20% of all cars in Sweden
 - Our vision is that our customers should feel secure in a sustainable world
- Own research department since the end of 1970s
 - Focused on road traffic safety and sport injuries
 - Aim to reduce injuries and fatalities
 - Influence consumers, industry and authorities

This is why Folksam test helmets

- Informing and guiding consumers
- Encourage helmet manufacturers
- Influence certification tests

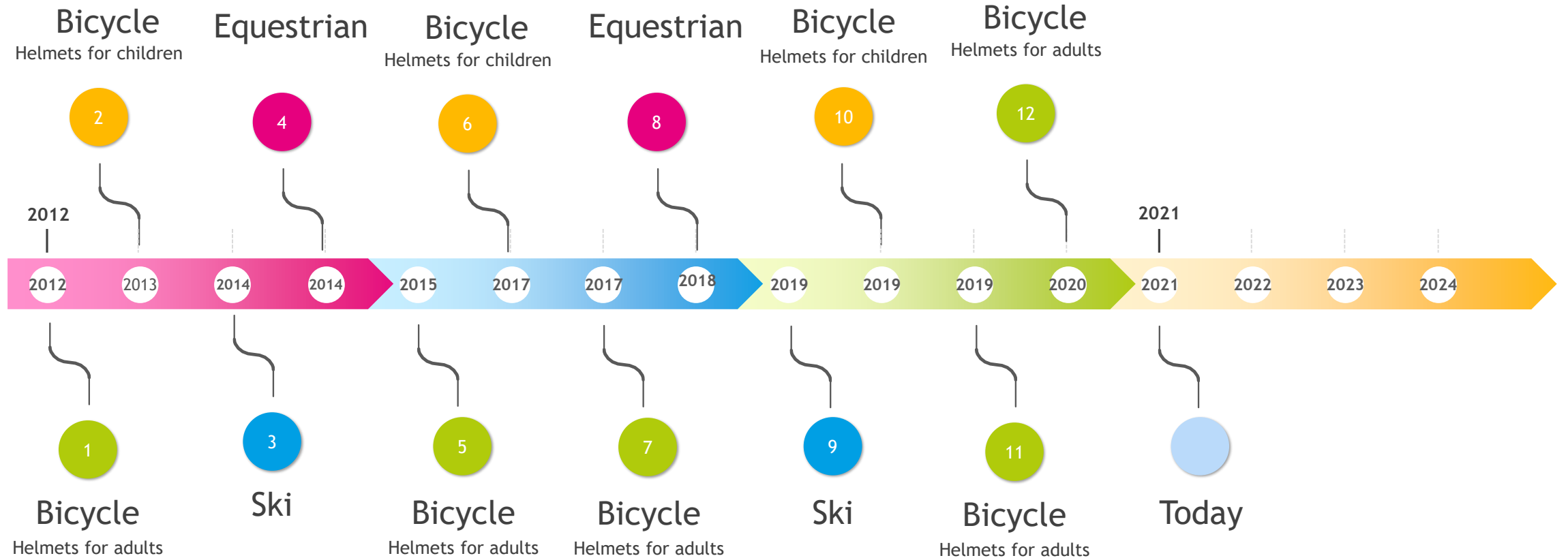


Consumer Testing of Helmets

- 2012 Bicycle helmets for adults
- 2013 Bicycle helmets for children
- 2014 Ski helmets
- 2014 Equestrian Helmets
- 2015 Bicycle helmets for adults
- 2017 Bicycle helmets for adults
- 2017 Bicycle helmets for children
- 2018 Equestrian Helmets
- 2019 Ski helmets
- 2019 Bicycle helmets for adults
- 2019 Bicycle helmets for children
- 2020 Bicycle helmets for adults



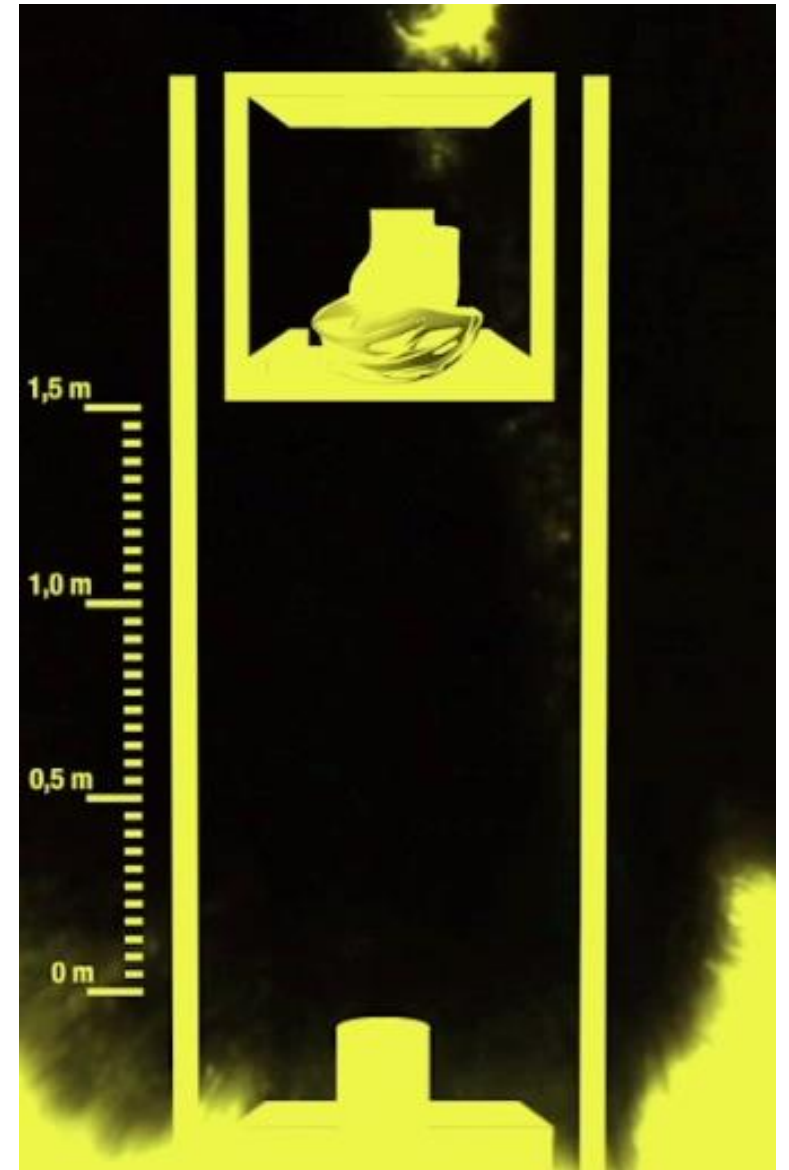
Ten years of testing

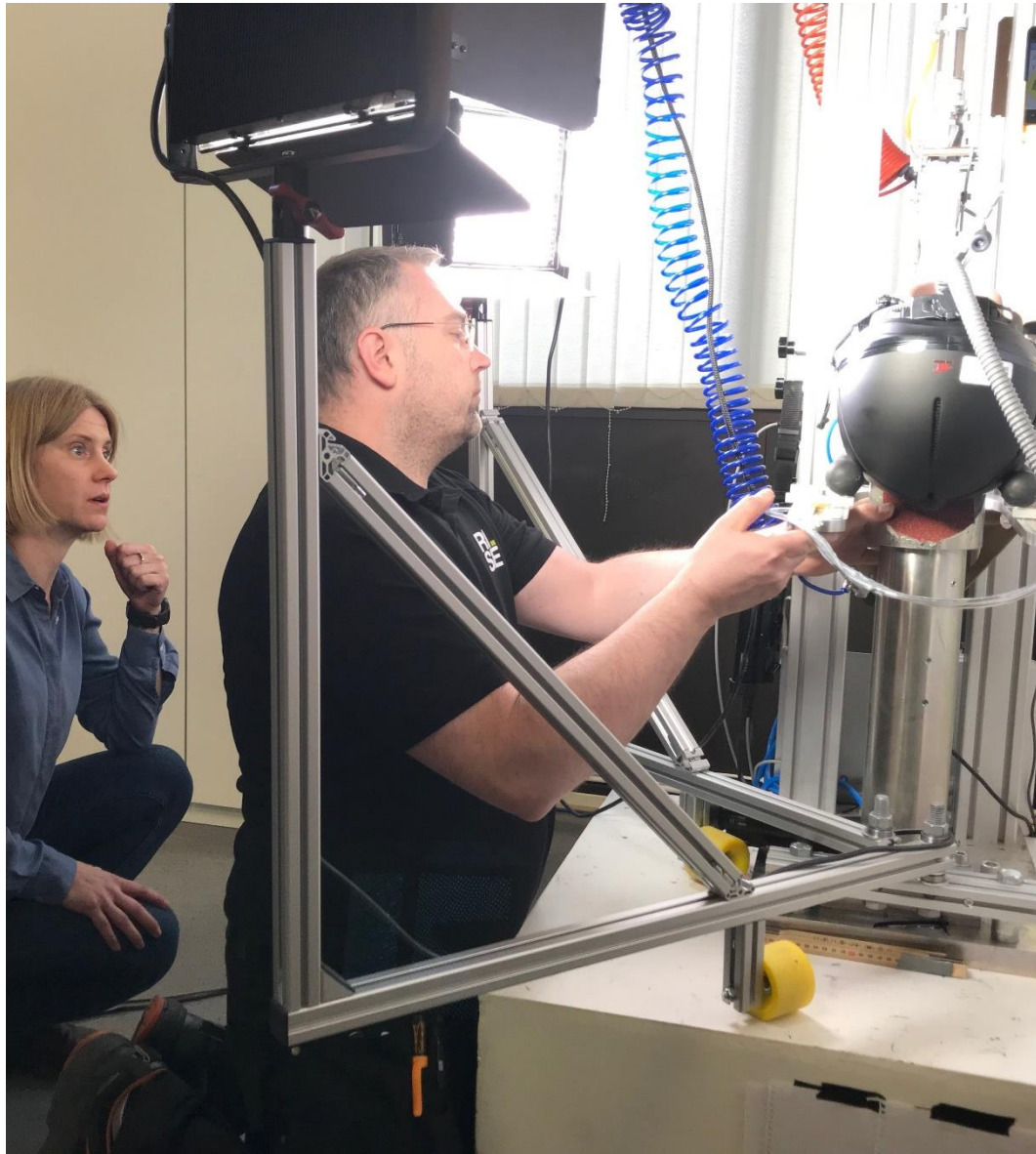


Current Helmet Standard

– Focus on Skull Fracture

- Evaluating energy absorption in perpendicular impact
 - 250g limit
- Angular acceleration not included
 - brain more sensitive
 - more common impact type

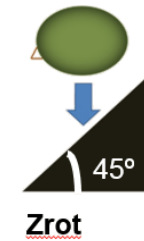
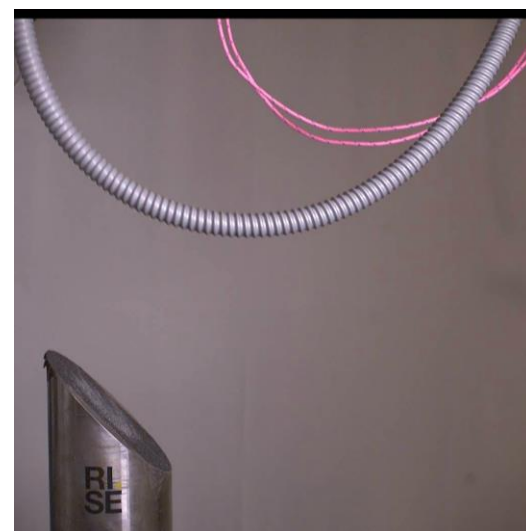
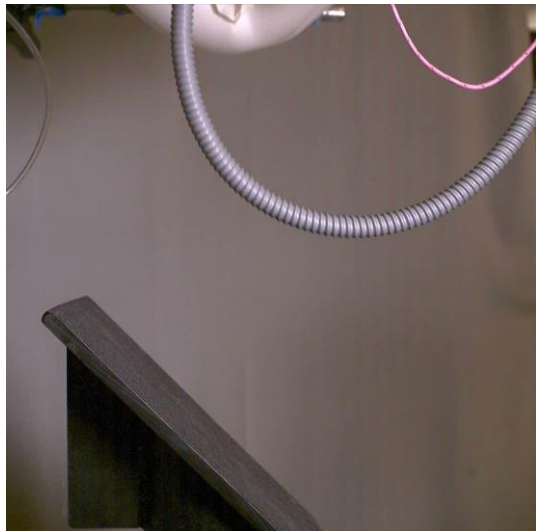
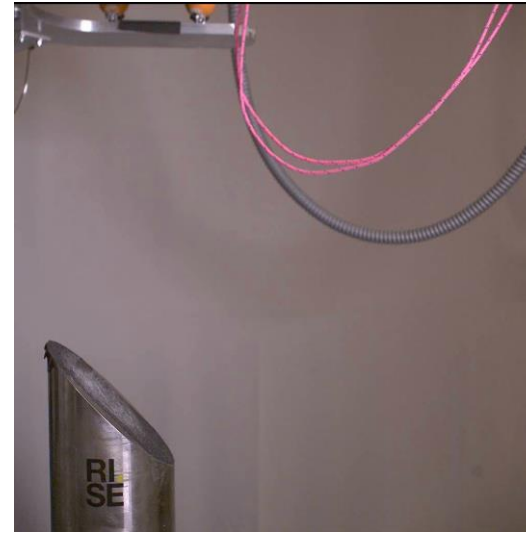
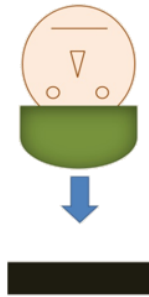




Our aim

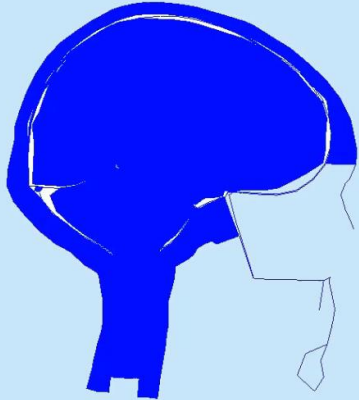
To develop an improved test method, including oblique impacts, to evaluate helmets sold on the European market

Method – Included Tests

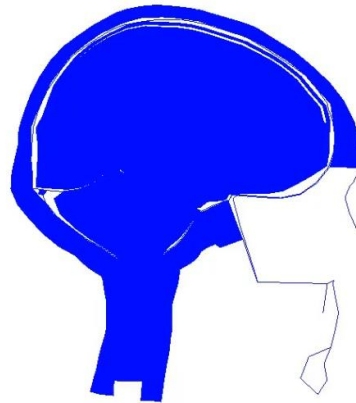


Finite Element Modelling Used to Evaluate Injury Risk

Head Protector -
airbag
(Hövding)

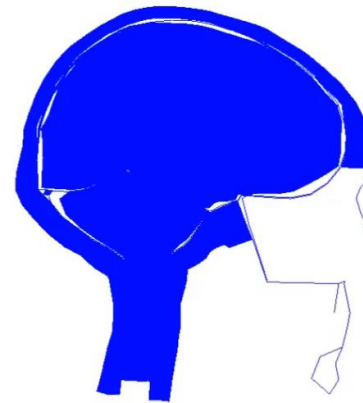


Helmet with
low risk



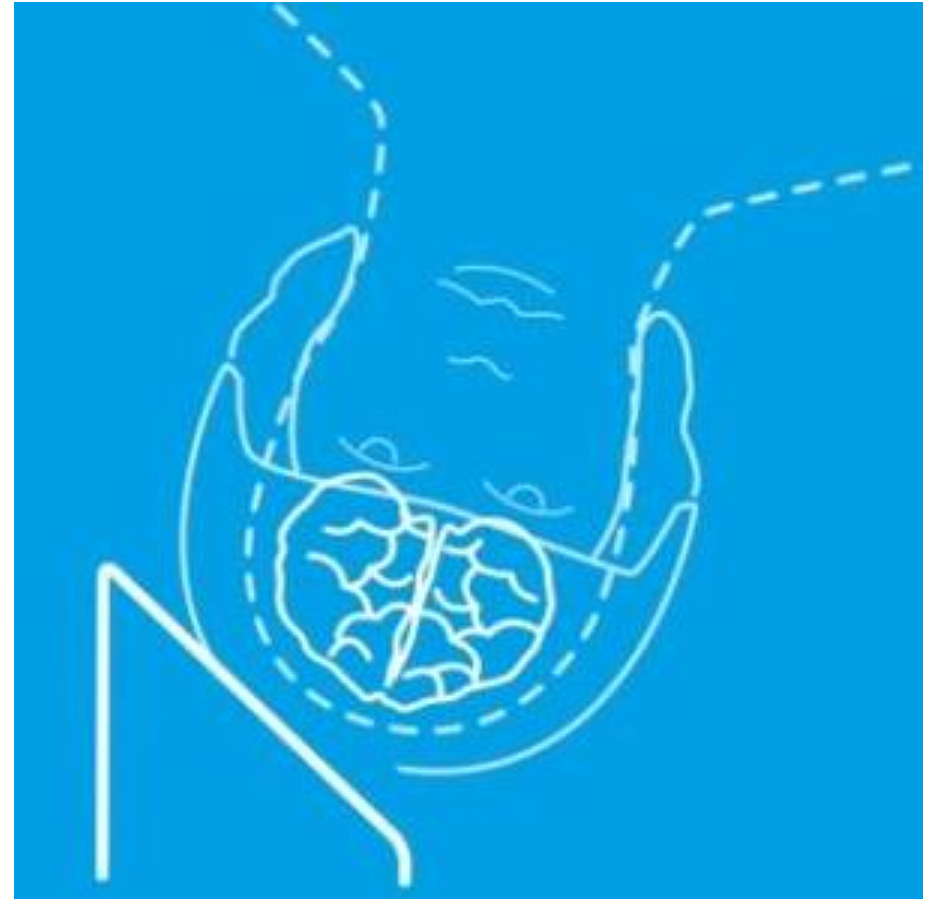
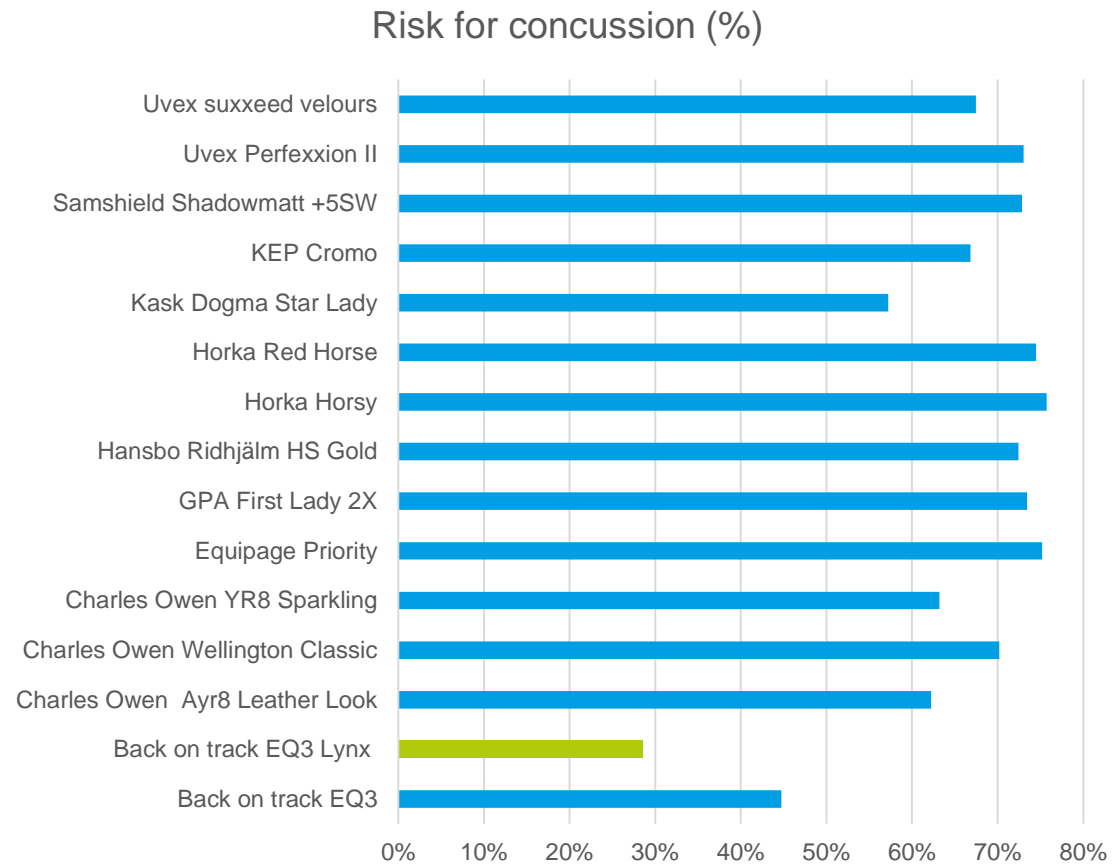
Helmet with
high risk

1st Principal
Strain-Green
St Venant
2.000e-01
1.800e-01
1.600e-01
1.400e-01
1.200e-01
1.000e-01
8.000e-02
6.000e-02
4.000e-02
2.000e-02
0.000e+00



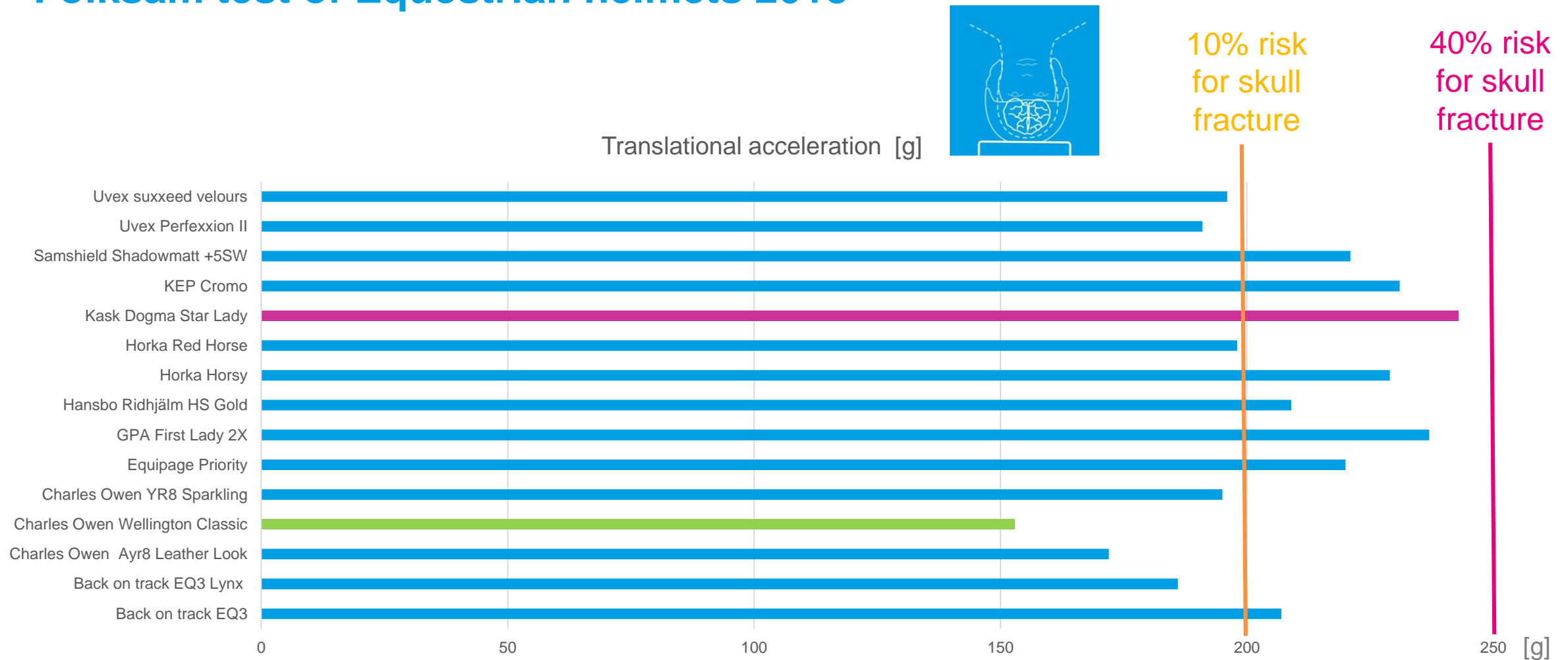
Only few helmets
below the threshold 50% risk of
concussion

Reflecting helmet's protective performance in oblique impact – risk for concussion



Shock absorption according to European standard (Angle 0° 5.6 m/s)

– Folksam test of Equestrian helmets 2018



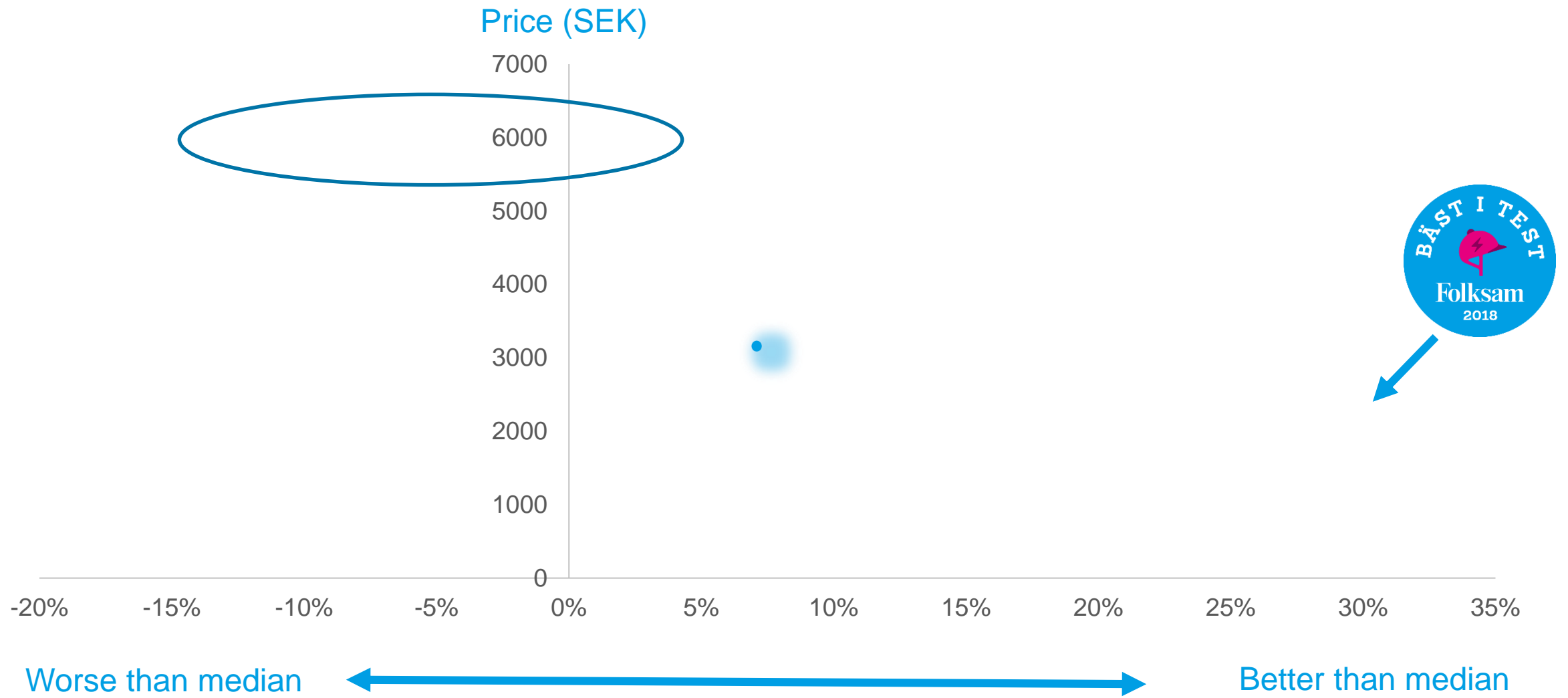


Back on Track
EQ3 Lynx

Back on Track
EQ3

Charles Owen
Ayr8 Leather Look

Price vs result



Conclusions

- A helmet that meets the current standards does not necessarily prevent a cyclist/skier/rider from getting a concussion
- Helmets equipped with systems aiming to reduce rotational loadings performed better than the others
 - but no guarantee that it is a safe helmet
- Helmets should be designed to reduce linear acceleration as well as rotational
- Consumer tests play an important role:
 - informing and guiding consumers in their choosing process
 - encourage helmet manufacturers to raise their game and bring to market new helmet models that perform at least as well as the best existing models





Thank you for your attention

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